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Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290

Troika Acid Derivatives: Multifunctional Ligands for Metal Complexation in Solution and on Solid Supports. A Novel, Linear Trinickel ("Troitsa") Complex

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Online publication date: 27 October 2010

To cite this Article Kashemirov, Boris A., Carrick, James M., Bau, Robert and Mckenna, Charles E.(2002) 'Troika Acid Derivatives: Multifunctional Ligands for Metal Complexation in Solution and on Solid Supports. A Novel, Linear Trinickel ("Troitsa") Complex', Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements, 177: 10, 2273

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/10426500214110 URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10426500214110

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Phosphorus, Sulfur and Silicon, 2002, Vol. 177:2273 Copyright © 2002 Taylor & Francis 1042-6507/02 \$12.00 + .00

DOI: 10.1080/10426500290106004



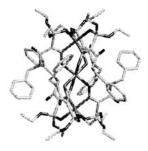
TROIKA ACID DERIVATIVES: MULTIFUNCTIONAL LIGANDS FOR METAL COMPLEXATION IN SOLUTION AND ON SOLID SUPPORTS. A NOVEL, LINEAR TRINICKEL ("TROITSA") COMPLEX

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(Received July 29, 2001; accepted December 25, 2001)

A series of amide and nitrile derivatives of "troika acid" (phosphonoglyoxylic acid oxime) were synthesized for evaluation as ligands of transition metal cations (such as Cu^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Ni^{2+}) that may contaminate power plant wastewaters. Studies of metal complexation in solution using eight model ligands and solid support linkage studies led to the preparation of new polystyrene (PS) materials with the following PS bead-immobilized ligands: $(EtO)_2P(O)C(=NOH)-C(O)NHCH_2-$ and $NCC(=NOH)P(O)(OEt)NHCH_2-$. A novel, neutral *N*-benzyl (*E*)-(diethoxyphosphinyl)(hydroxyimino)acetamide (1) complex of Ni(II), 2, was also synthesized. The X-ray crystal structure of 2 reveals six 1 ligands, chelating a trinity ("troitsa") of Ni cations disposed in an unusual linear array (*left*: view along Ni₃ axis; *right*: view perpendicular to Ni₃ axis).





We thank the EPRI for a grant supporting this research.

This article is a part of the XVth International Conference on Phosphorus Chemistry (ICPC 15) proceedings published in *Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon*, Volume 177, Numbers 6/7 and 8/9.